# PLEASANT: Preventing and Lessening Exacerbations of Asthma in School-age children Associated with a New Term – a cluster randomised controlled trial and economic evaluation

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**Declared competing interests of authors:** Jennifer Campbell, Rachael Williams and Robin May are employees of Clinical Practice Research Datalink who received payment from the University of Sheffield during the conduct of the study and funding from multiple organisations outside the submitted work.

Published December 2016 DOI: 10.3310/hta20930

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# **Plain English summary**

## The PLEASANT RCT

Health Technology Assessment 2016; Vol. 20: No. 93 DOI: 10.3310/hta20930

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# **Plain English summary**

In the UK, the number of visits to the doctor by school-age children with asthma is high at the start of the new school term in September. During the summer holidays (i.e. in August), the number of visits is lower and the number of asthma prescriptions collected also falls.

We wondered whether or not a letter from the general practitioner to the parents or carers of children with asthma, reminding them to make sure that their children take their medication or to collect prescriptions, could help prevent the children from being poorly. It suggested that parents should ensure that their children's medication is up to date and that they take it for at least 2 weeks before the school return.

To see if the letter worked, we have undertaken a study in England and Wales. General practices were randomly assigned either to sending out the letter (70 practices) or to continue with care as usual (no letter, 72 practices) so that we could see if the letter had any effect.

We found there was an increase in the number prescriptions collected in August and medical contacts such as asthma reviews. These increased contacts did not follow through to reduce the numbers of children seeing their doctor or going to hospital in September, but there was evidence in October to December of reduced contacts. These reduced contacts meant there was evidence of the letter saving costs to the NHS.

General practitioners may wish to implement the intervention to increase prescriptions and scheduled contacts in August. Evidence from the trial suggests that this would not increase costs associated with the asthma management.

#### HTA/HTA TAR

# **Health Technology Assessment**

ISSN 1366-5278 (Print)

ISSN 2046-4924 (Online)

Impact factor: 4.058

Health Technology Assessment is indexed in MEDLINE, CINAHL, EMBASE, The Cochrane Library and the ISI Science Citation Index.

This journal is a member of and subscribes to the principles of the Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE) (www.publicationethics.org/).

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#### This report

The research reported in this issue of the journal was funded by the HTA programme as project number 11/01/10. The contractual start date was in January 2013. The draft report began editorial review in February 2016 and was accepted for publication in June 2016. The authors have been wholly responsible for all data collection, analysis and interpretation, and for writing up their work. The HTA editors and publisher have tried to ensure the accuracy of the authors' report and would like to thank the reviewers for their constructive comments on the draft document. However, they do not accept liability for damages or losses arising from material published in this report.

This report presents independent research funded by the National Institute for Health Research (NIHR). The views and opinions expressed by authors in this publication are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect those of the NHS, the NIHR, NETSCC, the HTA programme or the Department of Health. If there are verbatim quotations included in this publication the views and opinions expressed by the interviewees are those of the interviewees and do not necessarily reflect those of the authors, those of the NHS, the NIHR, NETSCC, the HTA programme or the Department of Health.

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