

Studies	Study design	Theme	Methodological limitations	Relevance	Coherence	Adequacy	Confidence
<b>Accessibility</b>							
1 (Chantler 2020)	Semi-structured interviews	Some parents felt positive about the use of e-consent forms, but schools reported issues with parents either accessing or using the forms, as well as language barriers. Some parents who were not on school email lists did not receive the consent form	Serious <sup>1</sup>	High	High	Moderate <sup>4</sup>	Low
<b>Decision making</b>							
1 (Chantler 2020)	Semi-structured interviews	Students thought that the use of an e-consent form meant that it was easier for their parents to give consent without discussing it with them. Students did not necessarily want to make the decision themselves but wanted to be involved in discussions about the vaccine so they were aware of what was happening and why	Serious <sup>1</sup>	High	High	Low <sup>2</sup>	Very low
<b>Implementation</b>							
1 (Chantler 2020)	Semi-structured interviews	Staff were concerned about the speed at which the intervention was introduced, with little training. They also indicated that the decision to implement e-consent forms should involve discussions with each	Serious <sup>1</sup>	High	High	Moderate <sup>4</sup>	Low

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		individual school to make sure it is appropriate					
1 (Chantler 2020)	Semi-structured interviews	Staff felt that being unable to review consent form return online restricted their ability to follow-up on unreturned forms. However, some staff reported that the use of e-consent forms had reduced their workload	Serious <sup>1</sup>	Moderate <sup>3</sup>	High	Moderate <sup>4</sup>	Very low
<b>Sources of information</b>							
1 (Chantler 2020)	Semi-structured interviews	Parents preferred information that was from the NHS and would have liked more information on adolescent vaccinations. However, none of them accessed the information that came with the reminder	Serious <sup>1</sup>	High	High	Low <sup>2</sup>	Very low
1 (Chantler 2020)	Semi-structured interviews	Students would have liked more information about HPV and the side effects of vaccinations. Others were less concerned with information as they accepted that they should have the vaccine, and had confidence in the vaccine as it was from the NHS	Serious <sup>1</sup>	High	High	Low <sup>2</sup>	Very low
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Finding was downgraded once because it was identified in a study at moderate risk of bias</li> <li>2. Finding was downgraded twice for adequacy because it was reported in a single study that was not particularly detailed or rich in the results that fed into this finding</li> <li>3. Finding was downgraded once for relevance because it was based on part of the intervention (nurses being able to screen consent form return and update records online) that was not fully functioning when they study took place</li> <li>4. Finding was downgraded only once for adequacy because it was supported by a single study that provided some detail or richness in the results that fed into this finding</li> </ol>							